

Third Quarter Hanford Seismic Report for Fiscal Year 2014 (April 2014–June 2014)

Prepared for the Mission Support Alliance, LLC under award 44955 by the

Pacific Northwest Seismic Network,

University of Washington

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Summary

The Pacific Northwest Seismic Network/Mission Support Alliance (PNSN/MSA) team continues to provide uninterrupted collection of high-quality raw and processed seismic data from the combined Hanford Seismic Network (HSN) and Eastern Washington Regional Sub-Network (EWRSN) for the U.S. Department of Energy and its contractors. The team is responsible for identifying and locating sources of seismic activity that might affect the Hanford site, monitoring changes in the historical pattern of seismic activity surrounding the Hanford Site, and monitoring ground motion to provide data to constrain studies of earthquake effects on the Hanford site. Seismic data are compiled, archived, and published for use by the Hanford Site for waste management, natural phenomena hazards assessments, and engineering design and construction. In addition, the team works with the Hanford Site Emergency Services Organization to provide assistance in the event of a significant earthquake on the Hanford Site. The HSN and the EWRSN together consist of 49 individual sensor sites and 15 radio relay sites maintained by the PNSN.

Overall, the seismicity throughout the 3rd quarter of FY2014 was similar to previous quarters, both in the vicinity of the Hanford site as well as the region surrounding it. There was no significant change in overall seismicity as well as seismicity within swarm areas.

The networks detected six (6) events within the Hanford vicinity that have been categorized as probable surface explosions.

The largest event ($M_L = 2.5$) took place on 10 June 2014 at a depth of 7.7 km with epicenter located 26.8 km south-southeast of Darrington, WA.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

ANSS - Advanced National Seismic System AQMS - ANSS Quake Monitoring System BPA - Bonneville Power Administration CRBG - Columbia River Basalt Group Dmin - Minimum distance (closest distance from an earthquake epicenter to a station) DOE - U.S. Department of Energy ECC – Eastern Control Center Etyp - Event type EWRSN - Eastern Washington Regional Sub-Network FY - Fiscal year g - typical value of gravitational acceleration at Earth's surface (~978 cm/sec/sec). HLSMP - Hanford Lifecycle Seismic Monitoring Program HSN - Hanford Site Network Lat - Latitude Lon - Longitude km - kilometer Md - coda-duration magnitude M_L - local magnitude Mtyp - Magnitude type NS/NP - Number of stations/number of phases PNSN - Pacific Northwest Seismic Network Q - Quality factor (of earthquake location) Rms - Root Mean Square (error of earthquake location) SMA - strong motion accelerometer UTC - Coordinated Universal Time VCO - Voltage Controlled Oscillator

1.0 Introduction

This quarterly report documents the locations, magnitudes, and seismic interpretations of earthquakes recorded for the Hanford monitoring region of south-central Washington during the second quarter of fiscal year (FY) 2013 (January 2013 through March 2013). Since April 1st, 2011, seismic monitoring for Public Safety and Resource Protection (PSRP) at the Hanford site has been carried out by the Hanford Lifecycle Seismic Monitoring Program (HLSMP). HLSMP is managed by Mission Support Alliance (MSA) with the monitoring work being performed under a sub-contract to the Pacific Northwest Seismic Network (PNSN).

1.1 Mission

The mission of the HLSMP is to maintain seismic stations, report data from measured events, and provide assistance in the event of an earthquake. This mission supports the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) and the other Hanford Site contractors in their compliance with DOE Order 420.1B, Chapter IV, Section 3.d "Seismic Detection" and DOE Order G 420.1-1, Section 4.7, "Emergency Preparedness and Emergency Communications." DOE Order 420.1B requires facilities or sites with hazardous materials to maintain instrumentation or other means to detect and record the occurrence and severity of seismic events. The HLSMP maintains the seismic network located on and around the Hanford Site. The data collected from the seismic network can be used to support facility or site operations to protect the public, workers, and the environment from the impact of seismic events.

In addition, the HLSMP provides an uninterrupted collection of high-quality raw seismic data from the Hanford Site Network (HSN) and the Eastern Washington Regional Sub-Network (EWRSN) and provides interpretations of seismic events from the Hanford Site and the vicinity. The program locates and identifies sources of seismic activity, monitors changes in the historical pattern of seismic activity, and builds a "local" earthquake database (processed data) that is permanently archived. The focus of this report is the precise location of earthquakes and explosions proximal to or on the Hanford Site, specifically, between 46-47° north latitudes and between 119-120° west longitudes. Data from the EWRSN and other seismic networks in the Northwest provide the HLSMP with necessary regional input for the seismic hazards analysis at the Hanford Site. These seismic data are used to support Hanford Site contractors for waste management activities, natural phenomena hazards assessments, and engineering design and construction.

2.0 Network Operations During the Third Quarter of FY2014

2.1 Description of Seismic Stations

HLSMP seismic stations supported by MSA are divided into two geographic sub-networks, the Hanford Site Network (HSN), comprised by stations located on the Hanford site itself, and the Eastern Washington Regional Sub-Network (EWRSN), which includes stations that surround the Hanford site.

The HSN and EWRSN networks provide a total of 69 combined data channels because the 5 threecomponent seismometer sites (GBB, FHE, CCRK, DDRF, and PHIN), and the 7 Strong Motion Accelerometer (SMA) sites in the HSN (H1K, H2E, H2W, H3A, and H4A) require two additional data channels per station. The tri-axial stations record motion in the vertical, north-south horizontal, and eastwest horizontal directions. Stations CCRK, DDRF, and PHIN are broad-band seismometers with digital telemetry via cellular telephone. GBB and FHE are tri-axial sites with 1-Hz seismometers and analog radio telemetry. The other 39 stations are single vertical component seismometers. Fifteen radio telemetry relay sites are used by both networks to continuously transmit seismogram data to the PNSN in Seattle, Washington, for processing and archiving.

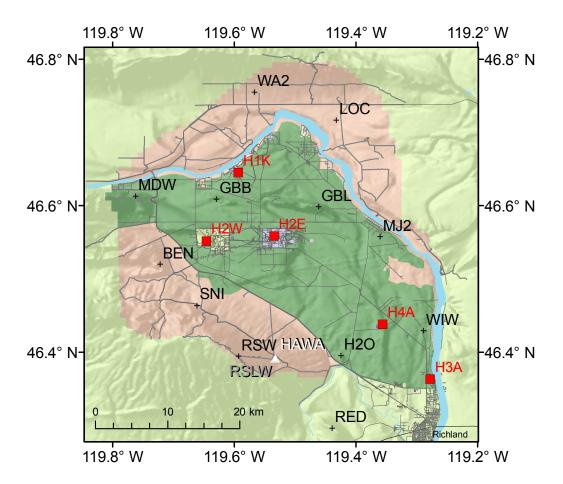


Figure 2.1 Seismic monitoring stations of the Hanford Seismic Network, on the Hanford site. Station RED is off-site, but shown on this figure for convenience. Red squares and text are strong motion accelerographs (SMA) stations. Black text and plusses are short period stations. HAWA is a broadband and SMA US National Seismic Network Station operated by the US Geological Survey (USGS). RSLW is the data collection/telemetry node at Rattlesnake Mountain.

	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation (m)	Station Name
BEN	46.5186	-119.7185	335	Benson Ranch
GBB	46.6087	-119.6290	185	Gable Butte
GBL	46.5982	-119.4610	330	Gable Mountain
H1K	46.6447	-119.5929	152	100 K Area (SMA)
H2E	46.5578	-119.5345	210	200 East Area (SMA)
H2O	46.3956	-119.4241	175	Water Station
H2W	46.5517	-119.6453	201	200 West Area (SMA)
НЗА	46.3632	-119.2775	119	300 Area (SMA)
H4A	46.4377	-119.3557	171	400 Area (SMA)
LOC	46.7169	-119.4320	210	Locke Island
MDW	46.6130	-119.7622	330	Midway
MJ2	46.5574	-119.3601	146	May Junction Two
RSW	46.3944	-119.5925	1045	Rattlesnake Mountain
SNI	46.4639	-119.6609	323	Snively Ranch
WA2	46.7552	-119.5668	244	Wahluke Slope
WIW	46.4292	-119.2888	128	Wooded Island

 Table 1. Hanford Site Network (HSN) Stations. Italic font indicates a 3-channel station, bold font indicates a Strong Motion Accelerometer.

 Table 2. Eastern Washington Regional Sub-Network (EWRSN) Stations. Italic font indicates a 3channel station.

	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation (m)	Station Name
BLT	45.9150	-120.1770	659	Bickleton
BRV	46.4852	-119.9923	920	Black Rock Valley
BVW	46.8108	-119.8835	670	Beverly
CBS	47.8047	-120.0429	1067	Chelan Butte South
CCRK	46.5585	-119.8548	561	Cold Creek
CRF	46.8249	-119.3881	189	Corfu
DDRF	46.4911	-119.0595	233	Didier Farms
DPW	47.8705	-118.2039	892	Davenport
DY2	47.9850	-119.7725	890	Dyer Hill Two
ELL	46.9095	-120.5675	789	Ellensburg
EPH	47.3562	-119.5972	661	Ephrata
ET4	46.5634	-118.9451	236	Eltopia Four
ETW	47.6042	-120.3335	1477	Entiat
FHE	46.9518	-119.4981	455	Frenchman Hills East
LNO	45.8717	-118.2862	771	Lincton Mountain Oregon
MOX	46.5772	-120.2993	501	Moxee City
NAC	46.7330	-120.8249	728	Naches
NEL	48.0700	-120.3414	1500	Nelson Butte
OD2	47.3875	-118.7108	553	Odessa Two
OT3	46.6689	-119.2341	322	Othello Three

PAT2	45.8836	-119.7578	259	Paterson Two
PHIN	45.895	-119.928	227	Phinney Hill
PRO	46.2125	-119.6868	553	Prosser
RED	46.2974	-119.4388	330	Red Mountain
SAW	47.7015	-119.4017	701	St. Andrews
TBM	47.1699	-120.5992	1006	Table Mountain
TRW	46.2921	-120.5431	723	Toppenish Ridge
TWW	47.1380	-120.8695	1027	Teanaway
VT2	46.9672	-120.0003	385	Vantage Two
WAT	47.6985	-119.9552	821	Waterville
WRD	46.9699	-119.1460	375	Warden
YA2	46.5265	-120.5312	652	Yakima Two
YPT	46.0487	-118.9634	325	Yellepit

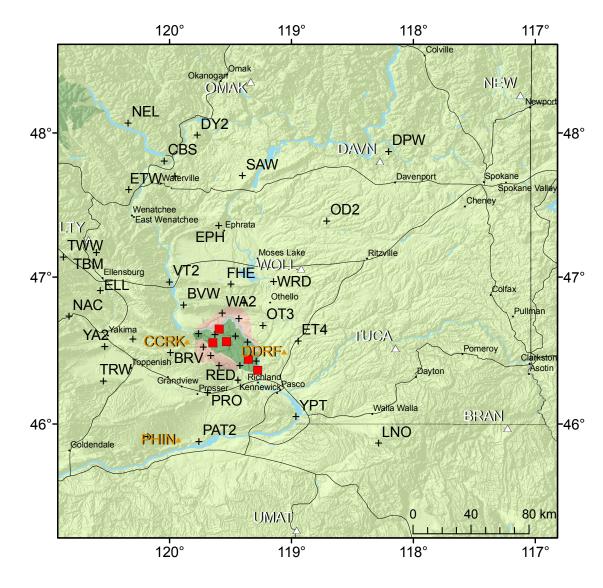


Figure 2.2 Seismic stations of the Eastern Washington Region Sub-Network. Black font and pluses are short-period EWRSN stations. Gold font and triangles are EWRSN broadband stations. White font and triangles are broadband stations contributed by other agencies to the PNSN data collection in eastern Washington.

2.2 Station Maintenance During the Third Quarter of FY2014

Seismic station maintenance taking place during the 3rd quarter of 2014 included the following upgrades:

- Stations HMET and HWIW were installed as experimental stations to test instrument configurations. They are strong motion accelerometer sites with 4th-channel short period components. HMET is located in the 200W area and HWIW is in the 300 area.
- Performed maintenance on the building that houses the repeater equipment for RSLR.
- Continued SMA site modifications; updated solar panel configurations for stations H3A and H4A.
- Completed all station site visits per MSA request with the last two being stations TWW and VT2.
- Visited the ECC (Eastern Control Center) in Moses Lake. Removed all seismic equipment from the Trojan Building that houses the microwave equipment for BPA (Bonneville Power Administration) and previously received the station transmissions for stations WRD, OD2, and EPH. These stations are now routed through WRDR (WRD Repeater) to Beverly BPA.
- Installed a new solar panel at station LNO due to vandalism and stolen solar panel.

2.3 Other Network Activities during the Third Quarter of FY2014

On May 21, 2014, PNSN hosted a meeting at the University of Washington. The meeting was attended in person by MSA, DOE, and PNSN personnel. USGS ANSS program manager, Cecily Wolfe, joined by telephone. Attendees included:

Hathaway, H B (Boyd), DOEL Leary, Kevin D, DOE McDuffie, Stephen M, DOE Teel, Darci D, MSA Thompson, Suzette A, MSA John Vidale, PNSN Paul Bodin, PNSN Karl Hagel, PNSN Tom Yelin, USGS Seattle Cecily Wolfe, USGS Reston (remote)

Participants discussed implementation of the recommendations of a report produced by Integrated Science Solutions, Inc. (ISSI) that includes a plan to modernize the eastern Washington monitoring of the seismic hazards at the Hanford site. The ISSI plan recommends abandoning, or transferring to another agency, 11 short period analog stations, upgrading several more short period analog sites to 3, 4, or 6-component digital operation, and siting two new 6-channel stations at locations on the Hanford site.

Following the meeting in Seattle, PNSN staff spent considerable effort in consultation with MSA to identify seismic monitoring equipment and components that could be purchased in order to start building the ISSI upgrade should additional funds for their acquisition construction and deployment become available.

3.0 Earthquake Catalog Description

Within the Advanced National Seismic System (ANSS) Quake Monitoring System (AQMS) seismic network processing software, an interactive program called Jiggle is used to manually review and revise automatic phase arrival picks and signal durations, as well as their polarities, uncertainties and quality factors. Arrival and duration times and uncertainties are used as input to an earthquake location program (Klein, 2002) to compute locations and magnitudes of the seismic events. Resulting locations for local earthquakes (46-47° north latitude, 119-120° west longitude) and the surrounding region are reported in Table 4.1. Additional seismic events located outside the region are not reported in this document, but are evaluated as a check to confirm that the HSN and EWRSN are functioning properly (*e.g.*, quality checks on data recording). All processing results are available through the PNSN at www.pnsn.org.

3.1 Velocity Models

Earthquake location uses the arrival times of seismic phases at seismic stations and a model of the seismic wave speeds of crustal rocks of eastern Washington (called a "velocity model") to solve for the most likely location for the earthquake source. AQMS divides the eastern Washington region into 4 sub-regions. The velocity models for each sub-region were developed using available geologic information and calibrated from seismic data recorded from accurately located earthquake and blast events in eastern Washington. Time corrections (delays) are incorporated into the velocity models to account for significant deviations in station elevations or stations situated on sedimentary layers. Station delays also are determined empirically from accurately located earthquakes and blast events in the region.

3.2 Earthquake Magnitudes

AQMS computes several different magnitude estimates for earthquakes. Table 4.1 shows the analystpreferred value of either: 1) the coda-duration magnitude (Md), or 2) the local magnitude (M_L) (Richter 1958). We report the median magnitude provided by all stations contributing estimates for an event.

The coda duration magnitude is based on a relationship developed for Washington State by Crosson (1972), modified for application within the AQMS software. The formula we use for Md is:

$$Md = -1.61 + 2.82 \log(D) - 2.46$$

where *D* is the duration of the observed event, starting from the P-wave arrival. Many earthquakes yield magnitude determinations that are very small (Md < 0) and highly uncertain. We define earthquakes with magnitudes (Md) smaller than 3.0 as "minor". Coda-duration magnitudes for events classified as explosions are reported although they may be biased by a prominent surface wave that extends the apparent duration in a way inconsistent with coda-length measurement.

 M_L is computed from the maximum amplitudes of the signals on the horizontal components recording an event, filtered to mimic the instrument response of a Wood-Anderson torsion seismograph. The formula is:

$$M_{\rm L} = \log(A) - \log(A_0) + S$$

where A is the average zero-to-peak amplitude of the two horizontal components at a station after they have been converted to pseudo-Wood-Anderson traces. $log(A_0)$ is a distance correction, for which we

use the Jennings and Kanamori (1983) values, and *S* is a site correction term that accounts for differences in local geological conditions amongst stations.

The choice of preferred magnitude type involves some subjectivity, as the relative strength of each depends on conditions that differ from event to event. In general, M_L is preferred for an event that is well recorded on a sufficient number of suitable channels. [This is because there may be subjectivity in determining the durations used by the Md algorithm (although AQMS does this in a largely automatic, and hence objective, way), and because the determination of the duration is biased by background noise levels.] In practice, this usually means that M_L is preferred for earthquakes sufficiently large to be observed at several regional broadband stations (CCRK, DDRF, PHIN, HAWA), or approximately M2.5. Although occasionally smaller earthquakes yield robust M_L estimates, depending on the background noise level at the time of the earthquake. Md, on the other hand can be obtained from smaller earthquakes, even if the recording should "clip". For earthquakes larger than about M4.5, only the M_L should be used. The two magnitude scales are defined to be consistent for the events for which they overlap.

3.3 Quality Factors (Q)

Table 4.1 tabulates a two-letter Quality factor for each event that indicates the general reliability of the solution (A is best quality, D is worst). The first letter of the quality code is a measure of the hypocenter quality based primarily on arrival time residuals. For example: Ouality A requires a root-mean-square residual (**RMS**) less than 0.15 s, while a **RMS** of 0.5 s or more is **D** quality (other estimates of the location uncertainty also affect this quality parameter). The second letter of the quality code is related to the spatial distribution of stations that contribute to the event location, including the number of stations (NS), the number of p-wave and s-wave phases (NP), the largest gap in event-station azimuth distribution (GAP), and the closest distance from the epicenter to a station (Dmin – not shown). Quality A requires a solution with NP >8, GAP <90°, and Dmin <5 km (or the hypocenter depth if it is greater than 5 km). If NP <5, GAP >180°, or Dmin >50 km, the solution is assigned Quality D. Uncertainties associated with estimated depths depend upon the number of stations and number of phase measurements (NS/NP) utilized by the Hypoinverse location program. Generally speaking, if the number of phases exceeds 10 measurements, the depth estimate is considered to be reliable. In this case, the second letter in the quality evaluation is either "A" or "B" (cf. Table 4.1). For example, the number of phase measurements from earthquakes ultimately classified as "deep" events typically falls within the 10-20 measurement range; these depth estimates are considered reliable. However, the number of phase measurements from earthquakes classified as "shallow" or "intermediate" may be less than 10 readings; in this case the depth estimate is less certain and the event could be classified as occurring in the (Columbia River Basalt Group) CRBG or pre-basalt layers.

4.0 Seismic Activity – Third Quarter FY 2014

4.1 Catalog of Seismic Events

Table 4.1. Regional Seismic Data, April 1 – June 30, 2014 April 2014

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08 09:46:51 46.4312 -119.2822 2.5 0.1 Md 007/009 167 0.13 BC 08 21:06:26 46.8168 -120.9690 0.0* 1.9 Md 007/011 279 4.40 DD 10 07:06:03 48.5972 -121.3578 0.7 1.7 Md 007/009 201 0.43 CD 10 22:47:27 47.7230 -120.2523 4.8 0.9 Md 007/008 139 0.03 AC 11 19:52:03 44.0238 -121.2555 0.0* 2.1 MI 013/012 145 0.15 CC 14 06:02:37 47.6917 -120.2910 4.1 0.2 Md 005/008 156 0.02 BC 17 06:14:26 47.7710 -120.1430 5.8 0.4 Md 005/008 119 0.06 AB 18 21:04:45 44.0218 -121.2465 0.0* 2.9 Md	E3 C3 C3 N3 N3 N3 N3 N3 N3	le px le le px le le
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1007:06:0348.5972-121.35780.71.7Md007/0092010.43CD1022:47:2747.7230-120.25234.80.9Md007/0081390.03AC1119:52:0344.0238-121.25550.0*2.1MI013/0121450.15CC1406:02:3747.6917-120.29104.10.2Md005/0081560.02BC1706:14:2647.7710-120.14305.80.4Md005/0081190.06AB1821:04:4544.0218-121.24650.0*2.9Md009/0091870.15CD2005:42:4846.5847-119.82608.9-0.3Md004/0061990.04BD2019:09:3246.6025-119.84177.50.1Md007/0091610.03AC2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md008/0101640.05CC2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC	C3 N3 N3 N3 N3 N3 N3	le le px le le
1022:47:2747.7230-120.25234.80.9Md007/0081390.03AC1119:52:0344.0238-121.25550.0*2.1MI013/0121450.15CC1406:02:3747.6917-120.29104.10.2Md005/0081560.02BC1706:14:2647.7710-120.14305.80.4Md005/0081190.06AB1821:04:4544.0218-121.24650.0*2.9Md009/0091870.15CD2005:42:4846.5847-119.82608.9-0.3Md004/0061990.04BD2019:09:3246.6025-119.84177.50.1Md007/0091610.03AC2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md008/0101640.05CC2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC	N3 N3 N3 N3 N3	le px le le
1119:52:0344.0238-121.25550.0*2.1MI013/0121450.15CC1406:02:3747.6917-120.29104.10.2Md005/0081560.02BC1706:14:2647.7710-120.14305.80.4Md005/0081190.06AB1821:04:4544.0218-121.24650.0*2.9Md009/0091870.15CD2005:42:4846.5847-119.82608.9-0.3Md004/0061990.04BD2019:09:3246.6025-119.84177.50.1Md007/0091610.03AC2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md005/0083100.04CD2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC	N3 N3 N3 N3	px le le
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2005:42:4846.5847-119.82608.9-0.3Md004/0061990.04BD2019:09:3246.6025-119.84177.50.1Md007/0091610.03AC2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md005/0083100.04CD2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC		
2019:09:3246.6025-119.84177.50.1Md007/0091610.03AC2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md005/0083100.04CD2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC	E3	px
2122:34:5846.6430-120.49020.0*2.4Md010/0101010.19CC2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md005/0083100.04CD2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC		le
2122:53:1946.4463-119.27471.60.6Md007/0103130.02AD2122:53:3046.4505-119.27670.4*0.3Md005/0083100.04CD2200:39:3846.4113-119.27520.4*0.9Md008/0101640.05CC	E3	le
21 22:53:30 46.4505 -119.2767 0.4* 0.3 Md 005/008 310 0.04 CD 22 00:39:38 46.4113 -119.2752 0.4* 0.9 Md 008/010 164 0.05 CC	E3	px
22 00:39:38 46.4113 -119.2752 0.4* 0.9 Md 008/010 164 0.05 CC	E3	le
	E3	le
	E3	le
22 03:57:11 46.5848 -119.8287 8.7 -0.2 Md 005/008 203 0.04 AD	E3	le
22 03:57:45 46.5988 -119.8520 9.1 -0.2 Md 004/006 254 0.12 BD	E3	le
22 08:12:39 46.4485 -119.2773 0.8 0.4 Md 004/007 320 0.06 BD	E3	le
22 09:42:52 46.4237 -119.0222 0.0* 0.9 Md 007/006 245 0.05 CD	E3	px
23 02:50:33 47.7348 -120.1982 3.7 0.4 Md 003/006 200 0.01 BD	N3	le
23 08:14:21 48.4797 -120.5412 10.1* 1.9 Md 009/013 98 0.25 CD	C3	le
24 00:25:38 45.8310 -118.3435 0.0* 1.8 Md 009/011 140 0.24 CC	E3	px
24 16:09:36 46.6270 -118.8955 0.0* 2.2 Md 024/023 200 0.08 CD	E3	px
25 21:11:09 46.6065 -119.8680 6.6 -0.3 Md 003/005 275 0.01 BD	E3	le
28 18:10:38 47.6702 -120.1233 2.2 1.8 Md 009/014 91 0.20 CC	N3	le
28 22:36:45 46.3068 -120.0973 0.0* 0.8 Md 018/017 85 0.19 CC	E3	рх
30 10:49:48 46.5537 -119.8560 5.6 0.9 Md 012/017 122 0.23 BB	E3	le
30 18:01:52 46.5057 -117.7863 0.0* 2.1 Md 013/013 178 0.21 CC	E3	px
May 2014		_
Day Time Lat Lon Depth Mag Mtyp NS/NP Gap RMS Q		Тур
01 23:16:35 46.4348 -119.0058 0.0* 1.6 Md 017/018 228 0.13 CD	E3	px
02 19:20:03 46.5057 -120.5870 16.6 0.3 Md 007/010 190 0.34 CD	E3	le
02 23:49:02 46.4437 -118.0568 0.0* 1.9 Md 018/020 153 0.30 CC	E3	px
04 00:03:43 46.6108 -119.8480 6.7 0.1 Md 008/012 209 0.11 AD	E3	le
04 21:59:02 47.6925 -120.2318 0.6* 1.8 Md 011/008 127 0.05 CC	N3	le
05 16:36:49 47.6912 -120.1660 7.1 0.9 Md 007/010 131 0.11 AC	N3	le
06 22:49:45 47.4227 -120.1962 0.0* 1.8 Md 011/012 105 0.25 CC	N3	px
07 13:38:45 47.5875 -120.2542 6.6 1.6 Md 007/009 117 0.07 AB	N3	le

07	15:25:44	46.1302	-119.0230	0.0*	2.0	Md	030/032	109	0.15	CB	E3	рх
08	01:52:15	47.6743	-120.1225	7.7	0.8	Md	005/008	167	0.08	AC	N3	le
08	23:28:44	46.5985	-119.8530	7.5	0.2	Md	005/007	173	0.05	AC	E3	le
09	19:13:05	46.8345	-119.6967	1.8	1.7	Md	017/019	107	0.16	BC	E3	px
11	00:29:10	46.0880	-118.6008	6.0	1.4	Md	007/011	128	0.33	CC	E3	le
11	18:13:55	47.7422	-120.0910	6.0	0.7	Md	006/010	115	0.06	AB	N3	le
13	06:35:33	46.6100	-119.8427	6.6	0.1	Md	007/009	163	0.06	AC	E3	le
14	21:18:41	46.6465	-120.4925	0.0*	1.7	Md	009/009	98	0.38	CC	E3	px
15	07:04:40	47.7127	-120.3143	8.0	1.0	Md	009/012	99	0.08	AB	N3	le
15	09:03:58	47.6435	-120.2073	6.0	0.6	Md	007/009	122	0.12	AB	N3	le
15	21:33:48	46.5268	-121.4340	5.3	0.8	Md	010/013	260	0.07	AD	C3	le
16	01:14:48	48.4627	-120.0227	10.8	2.1	Md	010/013	131	0.15	BC	N3	le
16	10:32:06	46.6270	-119.8260	8.6	-0.1	Md	004/007	260	0.04	BD	E3	le
21	22:42:34	46.5722	-117.9012	0.0*	1.8	Md	007/009	283	0.20	CD	E3	px
21	15:42:08	47.6625	-120.3160	0.0*	1.8	Md	012/014	106	0.20	CD	N3	le
22	19:51:39	47.5777	-121.3765	9.4	1.4	Md	012/014	69	0.26	BC	C3	le
22	23:22:57	46.2487	-121.5705	8.4	1.4	Md	013/027	116	0.20	CC	E3	le
22	05:05:03	40.2487	-120.1767	7.1	0.6	Md	014/018	125	0.42	AB	N3	le
	18:16:22	47.6653		0.7*	1.4	Md	003/009	123	0.12	CB		
27 28	07:12:41		-120.3112	3.0	0.7	Md		103			N3	le le
		46.7612	-119.7290				012/016		0.10	AC	E3	
28	20:52:04	46.4312	-118.0755	0.0*	1.8	Md	011/012	157	0.36	CC	E3	px
28	20:56:28	48.0122	-117.3422	0.0*	0.5	Md	004/007	158	0.21	CC	N3	px
30	21:49:54	46.0487	-118.8667	0.0*	1.4	Md	008/009	277	0.37	CD	E3	px
31	11:38:32	46.3880	-119.0483	1.2*	0.7	Md	008/012	249	0.16	CD	E3	le
June		τ.	Ŧ	D (1	14			0	DMC	0	1 1	T
Day	Time	Lat	Lon	Depth	Mag	Mtyp	NS/NP	Gap	RMS	Q	Mod	Тур
02	03:31:22	44.8148	-117.3002	8.8	2.3	Ml	005/009	209	0.44	CD	E3	le
02	03:55:10	46.7108	-120.9117	6.1	0.9	Md	023/028	82	0.20	BB	C3	le
04	14:14:19	47.6270	-120.2677	6.4	1.9	Md	018/019	66	0.20	BA	N3	le
04	18:00:44	47.6105	-119.6050	13.2	1.6	Md	010/012	92	0.07	AB	N3	le
04	18:41:47	46.7667	-121.0780	4.4	1.2	Md	015/016	132	0.18	BC	C3	le
04	18:52:22	47.6187	-119.5970	13.9	1.4	Md	011/014	95	0.20	BB	N3	le
06	20:00:10	46.4200	-119.2672	0.4*	0.3	Md	006/007	162	0.22	CC	E3	le
08	23:34:52	47.1878	-120.9040	0.0*	1.4	Md	013/019	85	0.18	CB	C3	px
09	03:31:55	46.5823	-119.7877	17.2	0.5	Md	008/011	146	0.06	AC	E3	le
09	06:32:53	47.5763	-120.3888	8.4	0.7	Md	005/008	152	0.11	BC	N3	le
09	21:14:33	47.3663	-117.9752	0.0*	2.1	Md	011/014	156	0.17	CD	N3	px
10	23:18:12	48.0462	-121.4153	7.7	2.5	Ml	023/024	78	0.30	CC	C3	le
11	08:16:57	46.8407	-119.7567	3.1	1.2	Md	019/023	46	0.10	AB	E3	le
13	12:07:08	46.6127	-119.8472	6.6	1.0	Md	013/014	167	0.08	AC	E3	le
13	20:02:24	45.3868	-118.4595	0.0*	2.3	Md	007/009	337	2.10	DD	E3	рх
14	13:01:12	46.6075	-119.8390	6.6	0.7	Md	010/013	92	0.08	AB	E3	le
14	16:54:53	48.6037	-120.5507	10.2*	1.6	Md	008/011	206	0.44	CD	C3	le
15	01:13:28	46.7273	-121.0017	2.8	1.1	Md	015/018	106	0.14	AC	C3	le
17	02:13:43	46.5768	-120.2265	15.3	0.5	Md	005/008	164	0.15	BC	E3	le
19	08:42:29	46.6085	-119.8703	7.1	0.2	Md	006/007	279	0.05	AD	E3	le
19	15:16:48	46.5733	-119.8370	8.8	0.6	Md	009/012	122	0.05	AB	E3	le
19	22:56:24	46.5722	-119.8352	8.5	0.6	Md	010/015	121	0.06	AB	E3	le
20	01:23:29	46.6085	-118.9398	0.0*	2.0	Md	023/022	120	0.10	CB	E3	px
21	09:05:27	48.9833	-119.0593	0.5	1.5	Ml	010/014	165	0.37	CD	N3	le
21	18:04:46	48.5812	-117.9545	0.0*	1.5	Md	004/007	174	0.48	CD	N3	px
21	19:27:46	47.4065	-120.5498	0.0	1.7	Md	011/014	151	0.21	BC	N3	le
23	08:26:19	46.2492	-120.7028	11.6	2.1	Ml	020/025	58	0.14	AC	C3	le
24	01:16:02	47.7735	-120.1035	6.6	1.1	Md	008/012	109	0.08	AB	N3	le
24	23:55:25	48.1718	-118.9768	1.5*	2.0	Md	014/020	105	0.21	CC	N3	le
25	08:45:36	46.6025	-119.8592	7.3	0.1	Md	005/007	264	0.04	AD	E3	le
27	16:22:45	45.6495	-121.0522	0.0*	1.0	Md	006/008	255	0.33	CD	C3	px
29	01:35:04	46.8322	-120.5740	12.9	2.0	Ml	019/020	87	0.11	AA	E3	le
		47.6837	-120.0262	6.8	1.6	Md	009/008	139	0.04	AC	N3	le
30	02:50:59	4/.005/	-120.0202	0.0	1.0	IVIG	0007/000	157	0.01	110	115	IC IC

Explanation of Table 4.1 – also see section 3.3 of this report

Etyp	Event Type. le is local earthquake, px is Probable Blast; ex is Confirmed Blast
Day	The year and date in Universal Time Coordinated (UTC). UTC is used throughout this report unless otherwise indicated.
Time	The origin time of the earthquake given in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). To covert UTC to Pacific Standard Time, subtract eight hours; to Pacific Daylight Time, subtract seven hours.
Lat	Latitude of the earthquake epicenter, in decimal degrees
Lon	Longitude of the earthquake epicenter, in decimal degrees
Depth	The depth of the earthquake in kilometers (km). * = Depth constrained by location program, \$ = location program had trouble converging and constrained both location and depth.
Mag	The analyst-preferred magnitude. If magnitude is blank, a determination was not made.
Mtype	Preferred magnitude type (see section 3.2, "Earthquake Magnitudes")
NS/NP	Number of stations/number of phases used in the location.
Gap	Azimuthal gap; the largest horizontal angle (relative to the epicenter) containing no stations.
Mod	Primary velocity model used in the location. (see section 3.1, "Velocity Models")
Rms Q	Average misfit, in seconds, between the model-predicted and observed travel time. Computed as the square root of the summed squares of individual phase time residual (observed phase arrival time minus predicted arrival time) of all phases used to locate the earthquake. It is a meaningful measure of quality of the solution only when five or more well-distributed stations are used in the solution. Good solutions are normally characterized by Rms values smaller than ~ 0.3 s. Quality factors; indicate the general reliability of the solution/location (A is best quality, D is worst). See Section 3.3 of this report, "Quality Factors."
	······································

4.2 Summary

Overall, the seismicity throughout the 3rd quarter of FY2014 was similar to previous quarters, both in the vicinity of the Hanford site as well as the region surrounding it. There was no significant change in overall seismicity as well as seismicity within swarm areas.

4.3 Discussion of Third Quarter FY 2014 Earthquakes

The EWRSN and HSN recorded 74 eastern Washington earthquakes during the second quarter of FY2014, 32 local to the Hanford site (local), and 42 off of the site (regional). Of the local earthquakes, 13 were located at shallow depths (less than 4 km), 17 at intermediate depths (between 4 and 9 km), most likely in the pre-basalt sediments, and 2 deeper than 9 km, within the basement. Geographically, there were 10 shallow local earthquakes located in the Wye swarm area. Twenty-two other local earthquakes were classified as random events. Of the regional earthquakes, 11 were shallow, 21 intermediate, and 10 deep. The network also located 31 local and regional events that have been categorized as probable surface explosions. (Tables 4.1 & 4.2).

The largest event ($M_L = 2.5$) took place on 10 June 2014 at a depth of 7.7 km with epicenter located 26.8 km south-southeast of Darrington, WA.

Epicenters of the earthquakes in Table 4.1 are plotted in Figures 4.1 and 4.2. The depth distribution and geographic pattern of the earthquakes are tabulated in Table 4.2. Epicenters of earthquakes in the immediate vicinity of the Hanford site, and their relationship to known faults and swarm areas are shown on Figure 4.2. Figure 4.3 is a perspective plot showing the hypocenters in the vicinity of the Hanford site and their relationship to the surface topography.

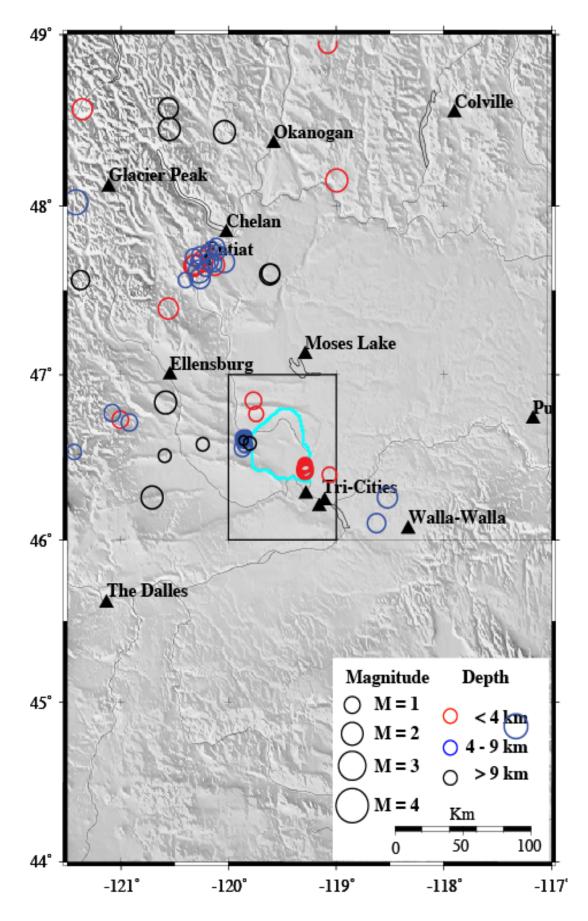


Figure 4.1 Epicenters of earthquakes recorded in the Eastern Washington region during the 3^{rd} Quarter of FY2014. Black triangles show locations of cities, towns, and volcanoes. Light blue line is the outline of the Hanford site. Black rectangle outlines area mapped in Figure 4.2. Circles are earthquake epicenters, with size scaled by magnitude [radius (in inches) = 0.05 * M + 0.1]. Representative symbols for magnitudes 1-4 are shown in the legend. *Epicenter symbols* are colored by depth, as shown in legend.

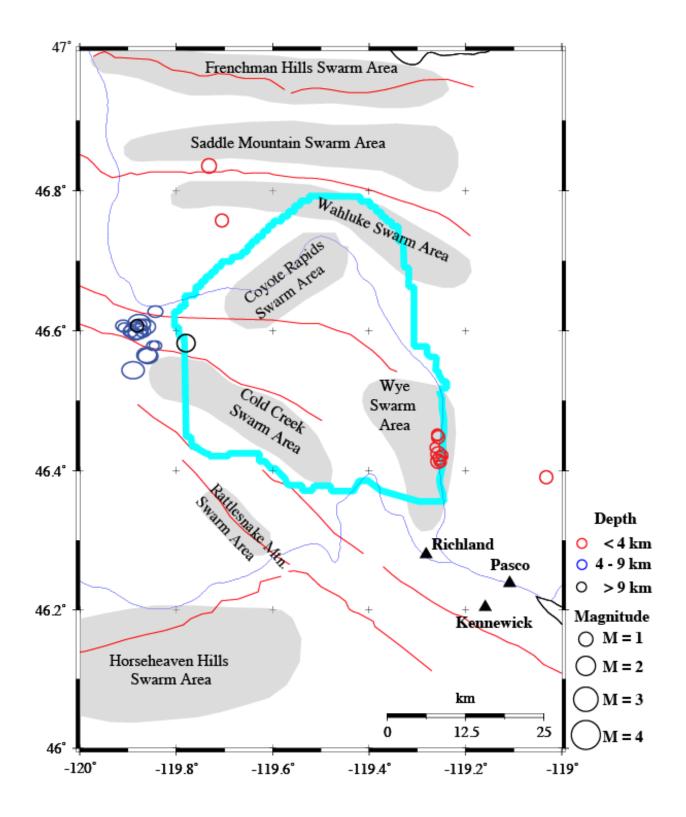


Figure 4.2 Epicenters of earthquakes occurring during the 3^{rd} Quarter of FY2014 in the vicinity of the Hanford site (blue outline), and their relationship to known structures (red lines), swarm areas (shaded regions), and cultural features and cities (black triangles). Circles are earthquake epicenters, with size scaled by magnitude [radius (in inches) = 0.05*M + 0.1]. Representative symbols for magnitudes 1-4 are shown in the legend. Epicenter symbols are colored by depth, as shown in legend.

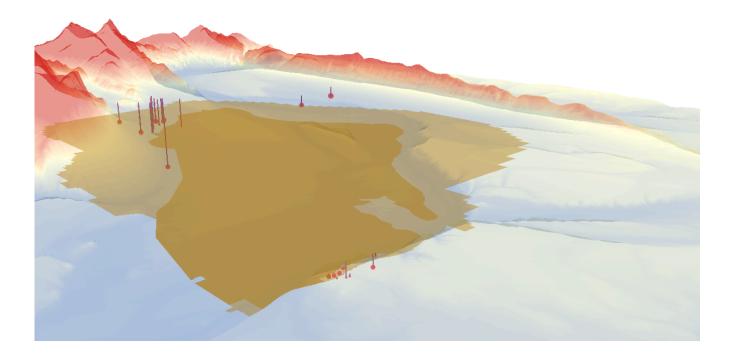


Figure 4.3 Perspective plot showing topography (exaggerated) and hypocenters (red dots, connected to epicenter with fine vertical line) of earthquakes occurring during the 3rd Quarter of FY2014 in the vicinity of the Hanford site, both overall (lightly shaded region), and inner (darker shading). Probable blasts are not shown in this figure.

Ev	3 rd Qu	arter	
	Hanford	Region	
Dorth of	< 4 km	13	11
Depth of Earthquakes	4-9 km	17	21
Lurinquines	>9 km	2	10
Sub-total		32	42
Total		74	
	FHS	0	0
	SMS	0	0
	WAHS	0	0
	CRS	0	0
Geographic Area	CCS	0	0
	WYES	10	0
	RMS	0	0
	Horse Heaven Hills	0	0
	Structure	0	0
Random Earthquake	22	0	
Sub-total	32	0	
Total	32	0	
Felt Earthquake	Felt Earthquake		
Probable Blast		6	25
Felt Earthquake	0	0	

5.0 Significant or Notable Seismic Events

5.1 Significant Earthquakes

We consider earthquakes that were felt widely, generated public interest, or produced notable shaking on the Hanford site to be significant earthquake events. We generally include any earthquake exceeding M3.0 to fall into this category. There were no significant earthquakes during the 3rd quarter of FY2014.

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